

Q1. Who gave the name 'Pakistan' in the pamphlet 'Now or Never'?

- (A) Allama Iqbal
- ✓ **(B) Chaudhry Rehmat Ali**
- (C) Quaid-e-Azam
- (D) Sir Agha Khan

Q2. The Siachen Glacier lies in which mountain range?

- (A) Himalaya
- (B) Hindu Kush
- ✓ **(C) Karakoram**
- (D) Sulaiman

Q3. Which climate-related concern did UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres highlight in June 2026 amid a European heatwave?

- ✓ **(A) The need for more ambitious action against fossil fuel emissions**
- (B) A call for new nuclear power investment exclusively
- (C) A call for halting all renewable energy projects
- (D) A dismissal of climate change concerns

Q4. The upper house of Pakistan's Parliament is called the:

- (A) National Assembly
- ✓ **(B) Senate**
- (C) Shura
- (D) Cabinet

Q5. What is the official currency of the United Arab Emirates?

- ✓ **(A) Dirham**
- (B) Riyal
- (C) Dinar
- (D) Rial

Q6. Which scientist discovered penicillin, the first widely used antibiotic?

- ✓ **(A) Alexander Fleming**
- (B) Louis Pasteur
- (C) Jonas Salk
- (D) Edward Jenner

Q7. The 1962 Constitution introduced which system of government?

- (A) Parliamentary
- ✓ **(B) Presidential**
- (C) Confederal
- (D) Unicameral parliamentary

Q8. Which prophet was swallowed by a great fish?

- (A) Hazrat Yusuf (AS)
- ✓ **(B) Hazrat Yunus (AS)**
- (C) Hazrat Ayub (AS)
- (D) Hazrat Idris (AS)

Q9. The Maginot Line was a defensive line built by France along its border with:

- (A) Spain
- (B) Italy
- ✓ (C) **Germany**
- (D) Belgium

Q10. A scientist who studies earthquakes is called a:

- (A) Meteorologist
- (B) Geographer
- ✓ (C) **Seismologist**
- (D) Astronomer

Q11. Which document, adopted by the UN General Assembly in 1948, outlines fundamental human rights globally?

- ✓ (A) **Universal Declaration of Human Rights**
- (B) UN Charter
- (C) Geneva Convention
- (D) Treaty of Versailles

Q12. Which of these is an input device?

- (A) Monitor
- (B) Printer
- ✓ (C) **Keyboard**
- (D) Speaker

Q13. Pakistan's capital was shifted from Karachi to Islamabad during the era of:

- (A) Liaquat Ali Khan
- (B) Iskander Mirza
- ✓ (C) **Ayub Khan**
- (D) Z.A. Bhutto

Q14. The organ of balance in the human body is located in the:

- (A) Eye
- ✓ (B) **Inner ear**
- (C) Brain stem
- (D) Spinal cord

Q15. The Battle of Badr was fought in:

- (A) 1 AH
- ✓ (B) **2 AH**
- (C) 3 AH
- (D) 5 AH

Q16. Who developed the theory of general relativity?

- ✓ (A) **Albert Einstein**
- (B) Isaac Newton
- (C) Galileo Galilei
- (D) Niels Bohr

Q17. Which companion was titled 'Sword of Allah' (Saifullah)?

- (A) Hazrat Hamza (RA)
- ✓ (B) **Hazrat Khalid bin Walid (RA)**
- (C) Hazrat Saad bin Abi Waqas (RA)
- (D) Hazrat Zubair (RA)

Q18. Which empire, at its height, was described as 'the empire on which the sun never sets'?

- ✓ (A) **British Empire**
- (B) Roman Empire
- (C) Ottoman Empire
- (D) Spanish Empire

Q19. The area of a rectangle with length 8 and width 5 is:

- (A) 13
- (B) 26
- ✓ (C) **40**
- (D) 80

Q20. The next number in the series 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ... is:

- (A) 36
- (B) 40
- ✓ (C) **42**
- (D) 44

Q21. What is the capital of Colombia?

- (A) Medellin
- ✓ (B) **Bogota**
- (C) Cali
- (D) Cartagena

Q22. The first Surah of the Holy Quran is:

- (A) Al-Baqarah
- ✓ (B) **Al-Fatiha**
- (C) Al-Ikhlās
- (D) Al-Nas

Q23. Which Indian independence leader is known globally for advocating nonviolent civil disobedience?

- ✓ (A) **Mahatma Gandhi**
- (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (C) Subhas Chandra Bose
- (D) Bhagat Singh

Q24. The Government of India Act 1935 introduced:

- (A) Separate electorates
- ✓ (B) **Provincial autonomy**
- (C) The partition of Bengal
- (D) Diarchy at the centre only

Q25. Which war, fought largely in the 1860s, was a major civil conflict in the United States over slavery and secession?

- ✓ **(A) American Civil War**
- (B) American Revolutionary War
- (C) War of 1812
- (D) Spanish-American War

Q26. What is the capital of Georgia (the country)?

- ✓ **(B) Tbilisi**
- (A) Batumi
- (C) Kutaisi
- (D) Rustavi

Q27. An earthquake is measured by a:

- ✓ **(B) Seismograph**
- (A) Barometer
- (C) Thermometer
- (D) Lactometer

Q28. Which China-led multilateral development bank was established in 2016, with Pakistan among its founding members?

- ✓ **(A) Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB)**
- (B) World Bank
- (C) IMF
- (D) Asian Development Bank (a separate, older institution)

Q29. 'CC' in email stands for:

- ✓ **(A) Carbon Copy**
- (B) Copy Contact
- (C) Common Copy
- (D) Current Copy

Q30. How many millimetres are there in one metre?

- ✓ **(C) 1,000**
- (A) 10
- (B) 100
- (D) 10,000

Q31. The Bogra Formula of 1953 was a proposal concerning:

- ✓ **(B) Representation between East and West Pakistan**
- (A) Land reforms
- (C) Nationalization of banks
- (D) Provincial languages

Q32. Haemoglobin is found in:

- ✓ **(B) Red blood cells**
- (A) White blood cells
- (C) Platelets
- (D) Plasma

Q33. Choose the synonym of 'Ancient':

- (A) Modern
- (B) New
- ✓ (C) **Old**
- (D) Recent

Q34. The Khilafat Movement formally began in:

- (A) 1918
- ✓ (B) **1919**
- (C) 1920
- (D) 1922

Q35. Which African American civil rights figure famously refused to give up her bus seat in 1955, sparking a major boycott?

- ✓ (A) **Rosa Parks**
- (B) Coretta Scott King
- (C) Angela Davis
- (D) Harriet Tubman

Q36. Choose the antonym of 'Parsimonious':

- (A) Stingy
- (B) Frugal
- ✓ (C) **Generous**
- (D) Careful

Q37. Which grouping of emerging economies includes Brazil, Russia, India, China, and South Africa?

- ✓ (A) **BRICS**
- (B) G7
- (C) G20
- (D) OPEC

Q38. The parliament of Iran is called the:

- (A) Duma
- (B) Knesset
- ✓ (C) **Majlis**
- (D) Diet

Q39. The famous 'Iron Curtain' speech was delivered by:

- (A) Franklin Roosevelt
- (B) Harry Truman
- ✓ (C) **Winston Churchill**
- (D) Charles de Gaulle

Q40. Which country's unification process in the 19th century is closely associated with figures like Garibaldi and Cavour?

- ✓ (A) **Italy**
- (B) Germany
- (C) Spain
- (D) Greece

Q41. The committee _____ divided in its opinion.

- (A) was
- ✓ (B) **were**
- (C) is always
- (D) have

Q42. Who is the President of the United Arab Emirates?

- ✓ (A) **Mohammed bin Zayed Al Nahyan**
- (B) Mohammed bin Salman (Saudi Arabia, not UAE)
- (C) Sheikh Tamim (Qatar, not UAE)
- (D) Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid (Dubai ruler, distinct role)

Q43. Which scientist's X-ray diffraction images were crucial to understanding DNA's structure, though initially under-credited?

- ✓ (A) **Rosalind Franklin**
- (B) Marie Curie
- (C) Dorothy Hodgkin
- (D) Barbara McClintock

Q44. Which major AI-related global policy topic did UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres address in mid-2026, expressing concern about weaponization?

- ✓ (A) **Controls on Artificial Intelligence in warfare**
- (B) Climate change financing (a separate ongoing concern)
- (C) Global trade tariffs (a separate ongoing concern)
- (D) Refugee resettlement policy (a separate ongoing concern)

Q45. The Quaid-e-Azam Residency, where Jinnah spent his final days, is located in:

- (A) Murree
- ✓ (B) **Ziarat**
- (C) Quetta
- (D) Abbottabad

Q46. The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) is headquartered in:

- (A) Geneva
- ✓ (B) **Vienna**
- (C) Paris
- (D) Brussels

Q47. The Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) is headquartered in:

- (A) Geneva
- (B) Paris
- ✓ (C) **Rome**
- (D) Vienna

Q48. Which international body's Secretary-General historically has come primarily from smaller or medium powers by informal convention, rotating regionally over time?

- ✓ (A) **The United Nations, by informal regional rotation convention**
- (B) NATO, with no such convention
- (C) The World Bank, led by convention from a specific country
- (D) The IMF, led by convention from a specific region

Q49. Which planet is called the 'Blue Planet'?

- (A) Neptune
- ✓ **(B) Earth**
- (C) Uranus
- (D) Venus

Q50. What is the capital of Argentina?

- (A) Cordoba
- ✓ **(B) Buenos Aires**
- (C) Rosario
- (D) Mendoza